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Patent Appli

Attorney Docket No.: 56130.000067

Client Reference No.: 13307ROUS01U

#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Nicholas Sauriol et al.

Group Art Unit: 3621

Appln. No.: 09/749,408

Examiner: M. Huseman

Filed: December 28, 2000

For: Secure Database for

E-Commerce

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

#### DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.131

Sir:

I, Alex Sauriol, hereby declare that I am a co-applicant in the above-identified patent application and that I am also a co-inventor of the invention that is described and claimed in the above-identified patent application. I also hereby declare that prior to December 15, 2000, my co-inventor and I completed, in the United States, the invention that is described and claimed in the above-identified patent application as evidenced by the following:

1. Prior to December 15, 2000, my co-inventor and I conceived of the invention. At the time of the invention, I owed a duty of assignment of the invention to Nortel Networks Corporation (hereinafter "Nortel").

- 2. After my co-inventor and I conceived of the invention, and prior to December 15, 2000, my co-inventor and I submitted a description of the invention to the appropriate Nortel patent review committee for purposes of obtaining approval to file a patent application for the invention. A date redacted copy of the description of the invention (i.e., our invention disclosure) is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 3. To the best of my knowledge, the Nortel patent review committee followed its standard procedures in reviewing and subsequently approving of the filing of a patent application based upon our invention disclosure. A date redacted copy of an internal Nortel memo approving the filing of the patent application is attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- 4. On September 14, 2000, our invention disclosure (having been assigned Nortel Invention Docket No. 13307RO) was forwarded to one of Nortel's outside patent attorneys for preparation of a patent application. A copy of a transmittal letter authorizing preparation of a patent application is attached hereto as Exhibit C.
- 5. Between September 14, 2000, and December 20, 2000, my co-inventor and I had discussions regarding our invention disclosure with the outside patent attorneys, and provided additional supporting materials to the outside patent attorneys,

Patent Application Attorney Docket No.: 56130.000067

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all intended to assist the outside patent attorneys in preparing a patent application for the invention.

- 6. On December 20, 2000, I was forwarded a draft of the patent application. A copy of the transmittal letter sending the draft is attached hereto as Exhibit D.
- 7. On December 28, 2000, the above-identified patent application was filed. A copy of the filing receipt for the application is attached hereto as Exhibit E.

I further hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

**DECLARANT:** 

Afex Saurio

Date: 4,01/2 2003

EXHIBIT A

# Invention Disclosure Submission Reply RECEIVED

Disc No:	13307RO	Received Date:
Disclosure	Secure Database for E-Commerc	e

#### ---=== Inventors ===---

Global:		Name	y H	ork Info		- Home Info
048308	HR Name: Known As:	SAURIOL, NICHOLAS NICHOLAS	Dept: Phone: Ext Phone: Fax: Ext Fax: MailStop: Citizenship:	3500 CARLING AVENUE VV19 3931978 6137631978 04351C06 : CANADA	Address: Phone:	223F CRAIG HENRY DR NEPEAN, ON CANADA K2G4B6 (613)5966736

#### ---=== Attachments ===---

#### <End of Attachments>

Were there additional inventors involved: n	no Was there contractor involvements no				
Name of Supervisor or Divisional Hea					
RICK BARRE					
LOB: SP&C	Business Unit: Carrier Networks				
Conception Date:	THE PROPERTY OF CANADIDATE IN CONTROL OF A VICTOR OF A				
Has dis invention beer	n discussed with others? If so, please completes				
Inside Nortel: Whom?	Outside Nortel Whom?				
Inside Nortel - When?	Outside Nortel - When?				
NDA? yes					
Are you aware of any imminen	nt future disclosures? Please provide dates and details:				
Keywords for Searching:	Products that will use this invention:				
	E-commerce solutions could implement or sell this idea				
Does this invention arise from any arrangement	it involving an external organization? no				
Is this invention relevant to a Standards Activity	iy2::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::				
no	251-20515				



#### Technical Information

Brief Description of the Invention:

The inventions consists of a database which maintains financial information (i.e. credit card information) about it's users. The information would be kept behind a network with a firewall and other security products. The network would be owned and run by a trusted internet security company, the 'host'. E-commerce companies would register with the 'host', and upon meeting certain requirements, would recieve software much like Nortels Internet Secure Access Client, providing a VPN to the 'host' network. Now when a user attempts to purchase a product from any vendor registered with the 'host' on-line, they would simply enter a userID and password, which could be changed at the users discretion. The only financial information would be transferred behind a secure firewall.

Problem Solved by the Livention:

When a 'customer' makes a purchase on-line today, most often it is over unsecure lines. A large number of potential customers are shyed away from the purchase due to this fact. A number of start-up companies also have trouble selling on-line due to the fact that a customer has no way of ensuring that the vendor is 'on the level'. When companies do provide secure access, the customers software is most often not upgraded (i.e. netscape requiring 128 bit encryption or a new certificate etc.), so the customer is again less likely to purchase the product/service. The following article from Wired Magazine talking about credit cards on the internet underlines the need for this invention: Credit Card Fraud Bedevils Web by Craig Bicknell 3:00 a.m. Apr. 2, 1999 PST When Bill McKiernan opened his online shop, Software.net, in 1994, buyers showed up in droves, paid with a credit card right on the spot, and downloaded their new software. McKiernan knew practically nothing about retailing, but suddenly hehad a thriving e-commerce company on his hands. There was just one problem: More than half of the orders on his sitewere made with stolen card numbers. Once the rightful cardholders noticed fraudulent charges, cancellations poured in from Software.net's credit card paymentprocessor. Not only was McKiernan out the cost of the stolen goods, hehad to pay a penalty for the bogus charges. "We were about to shut our doors because we were getting hit so hardwith fraud," says McKiernan. "We were losing money. We didn't knowwhat to do." That was in 1994. Software net grew up into Net retail starBeyond.com. Sensing huge demand, McKiernan moved on and developed asoftware system for sniffing out fraudsters, launching a secondcompany, CyberSource, that helps merchants do the same. They're going to need the help. Lured by the success of Net superstars like Amazon.com, mom-and-popshops and real-world retailers are staking online claims that make the California gold rush look like an Easter egg hunt. Like McKiernan, many lack previous retail experience and don't know the risks of doingbusiness online. So the crooks are following right behind. "We have just a vast number of fraud orders coming into Yahoo Store, "says Paul Graham, the producer of Yahoo's online mall, Yahoo Store." The same thing that's a big advantage for Web sites -- the convenience of finding what you want to buy and punching in a credit card -- makes it much easier for fraudsters." Graham is quick to point out that Yahoo's stores aren't gettingrooked. Yahoo has built a software "radar" that picks up suspicious buying patterns. It has the advantage of being able to track a singleuser across 4,000 merchant sites on the Yahoo Store. "If someone's acrook, they don't just go to one site, they go on a shopping spree." Single merchants, though, can't see where else a surfer is shopping. And many don't take even the simplest precautions to protectthemselves. "It's a huge problem for the credit card industry," says NickFerrante, president of American Heritage Bankcard in Los Angeles. The Web didn't create credit card fraud. It's easy to filch a creditnumber from a dumpster, from a restaurant receipt, or over the phone. But the Web makes it even easier. According to Barry Bahrami, owner of e-commerce software vendorCommercial Illusions, stolen credit card numbers are routinely postedand swapped on Net bulletin boards and channels on Internet RelayChat, a real-time chat network. "With just a little bit of poking around, you'll find numbers therefor the taking, and a lot of times they even have the billingaddress," he said. Wired News logged onto an IRC channel that traffics credit cardnumbers and received two offers to trade within half an hour. The card numbers can come from traditional offline sources and from poorly secured Web servers that store credit card information. There are also programs that generate valid credit card numbers out ofthin air. All valid card numbers end with a "check-sum" digit that'sgenerated from the credit card's other digits, by something called the Mod-10 algorithm. The Mod-10 algorithm is widely known, and programs like Credit Masteruse it to gin up numbers that can fool a simple authorization check. Crooks can easily test thousands of numbers at online merchant sites. "They just punch in account number after account number after accountnumber until they get a hit," says Richard Gordon, president of Creditcards.com, a company that helps online merchants set up creditcard accounts. When a merchant's issuing bank authorizes an online credit cardpurchase, it typically checks the number, expiration, and mailingaddress. Normally, that authorization check would catch asoftware-generated number. But for purchases of less than US\$20, banks frequently run only aquick authorization, called a "stand-in," to make sure the number isvalid against the Mod-10 check sum. Some overseas banks, particularlyin Eastern Europe, run these simple authorizations for even biggerpurchases. That's a problem for Web merchants, because "so many of thetransactions are small dollar values," says Gordon. The first six numbers of any credit card are the BIN, for bankidentification number. It's easy enough to generate bogus numbers forbanks with lax stand-in thresholds. The Web also solves another problem for would-be criminals. Banks cancatch credit card crooks by tracing the shipping address for goodslike CDs or books. But there's no such protection for downloads of software, music, or subscriptions. Even authorizations that check addresses are no protection againstfraud originating overseas. "Out of the US, there's no help. There's no way to validate any pieceof the address," says Steven Klebe, VP of strategic alliances atCyberSource. That's a serious problem for a global e-commerce network. The fraudsters know it. Fraud is rampant in places like EasternEurope, where the technology infrastructure is fairly advanced, butthe laws governing electronic transactions are not. "Romania, in fact, is the center of Internet fraud," says Yahoo's Graham. There have been months at the Yahoo Store, he says, when the number ofcredit card orders originating in Romania has topped that of bige-commerce countries like Germany and Japan, ranking third behind the United States and Canada. "I've looked at thousands of Internet charges from Romania, and onlytwo have been valid," Graham said. Sophisticated Web sites know how to flag and scrutinize transactionsoriginating outside the country, and some won't even accept foreign cards. "Most people are very reluctant to talk about fraud on the Net," saysOctavio Marenzi, research director at Meridien Research, aMassachusetts financial technology consulting firm. "Certainly, fraudrates are higher on the Internet, and probably much higher than peopleare willing to admit." With the exception of Visa, all the major credit companies declinedcomment. According to Visa, charges originating outside the United States are especially problematic. Web transactions account for just 2 percent of Visa's international business, yet those transactions account foralmost 50 percent of the total number of disputed charges and fraud. Visa would not release its fraud and dispute figure for chargesoriginating inside the US, but said it was much lower. It's important to note that fraud and disputed charges are separateproblems. Visa would not break out the numbers, but it said that therate of disputed charges was one separate processes. The modern seem form marklane wish the manchests arm coming I start manches 111sh



## Solutions that have been tried and why they didn't work:

The most common is secure software with encryption. This is widely used. The problem is, even though the info is encrypted, the customers financial information is still being sent over the web, which means that a hacker whom has discovered the decryption algorithm can easily intercept and steal this information. This method makes customers uneasy as they often do not trust the site from whom they are considering purchasing from. With the invention, all sites would have to prove their reliability, ensuring that the customer can feel safe with them, and at the same time, there is no financial info sent over the web as such, only an extranet, which is as secure as the network to which it is connected

### Specific elements or steps that solved the problem and how they do it:

- The e-commerce site has a VPN (Virtual Private Network, or Extranet) with the 'host' network- Each e-commerce vendor is reviewed and approved before Extranet access in granted- Customers register their financial info once, not at every purchase with every vendor, after registration, solely a userID and password need be provided, which can be changed as often as the user desires.

# Commercial value of the invention to Nortel and Nortel's major competitors:

If implemented, this service would allow for an enormous growth in the e-commerce industry, increasing sales drastically. I think this invention is very valuable to Nortel for this reason.

#### EXHIBIT B

John H. Vynalek Senior Counsel, Intellectual Property Dept. N237, NC2, MS D16/02/0E2 Tel 919 997-3280 (ESN 357) Fax 919 997-6659 (ESN 357) vynalek@nortelnetworks.com



How the world shares ideas.

# ATTORNEY-CLIENT PRIVILEGED & CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNICATION

To: Abdul Khawar Inventor's Vice Douglas Kerwin Inventor's Dir CC: Tom Gigliotti John Bourne	President Date:	
	CARRIER SOLUTIONS INV REVIEW SUMMARY	ENTION DISCLOSURE Y/DISPOSITION
Disclosure No.: 13307RO Title: Secure Database for E-Com	Champion (Reviewer(s)):_ merce	<u>Eric Jensen</u>
Review Date:	Critical Filing Date Deadlin	ne of (if applicable)
Department	Nortel Inventors only	Nortel and Contractor Inventors
	REVIEW SU	JMMARY
	GIST OF THE	INVENTION
The invention is a database which	value of the invention to Nortel, Nortel's cu	ention differentiates voice versus data calls and routes each in the most users behind a network with a firewall and other security products.  HE INVENTION  ustomers, or Nortel's competitors (e.g., invention allows existing Nortel
customers to make their existing	IICINOING TTO	
Would allow for an enormous gro	wth in the e-commerce industry, thus incre a. Technological Thru b. Inventive Value: c. Commercial Value:	<u>2</u> (0-3)
	OVERALL SCO RECOMMENDATI	ION: (check one)
H ~	ile Patent Application losed without filing Foreign Filing Potential (list countries):	Combine with/Include in Disclosure No Hold pending further review (see comments below)
Comments:		conditions. The Nortel IP Lew Group will proceed with this
Disposition: The review of this in recommendation 5 days from the Champion for participating in this	ivention has generated the above recomm a date of this note <u>unless we hear otherwis</u> s valuable process. If you have any questi	nendations. The Nortel IP Law Group will proceed with this se from you. Please take an opportunity to thank the inventor(s) and ions or comments, please feel free to contact me at the number above.
(Revised		

EXHIBIT C



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Network Center 2, MS D16/02/0E2
Durham, North Carolina 27713
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vynalek@nortelnetworks.com

www.nortelnetworks.com

John H. Vynalek Senior Counsel

# NORTEL NETWORKS CONFIDENTIAL & PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATION

September 14, 2000

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS 792371558250

Mr. Scott Balderston Hunton & Williams 1900 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006-1109

Re:

**Invention Docket No.: 13307RO** 

Title: Secure Database for E-Commerce Required Filing Date: December 14, 2000

#### Dear Scott:

Nortel Networks would like to retain you to prepare and file in the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) a patent application directed to the invention disclosed in the enclosed invention disclosure by the above-referenced filing date. The application should be prepared according to Nortel Networks guidelines in accordance with the predetermined fee we have agreed with your firm. If you are unable to perform the requested work, please advise me immediately.

In addition to the invention disclosure, an invention disclosure Review Summary document is enclosed for your consideration. We request that you contact the primary inventor, Nicholas Sauriol, at (613) 763-1978 within two weeks of receiving this letter. Please ensure that the inventor(s) are advised of their responsibilities regarding their duty of candor to the USPTO, as well as any other relevant rules and/or laws including the best mode requirement.

Questions pertaining to substantive issues associated with the application should be addressed with me, while administrative issues associated with the application should be addressed with Rhonda Spivey at (919) 997-3824. Please be sure that all communications associated with the application, including billing statements and the application itself bear the above-referenced disclosure number.

Please send a substantially complete and final draft of the application to me along with a completed Nortel Networks Outsource's Patent Application Checklist at least 10 days prior to the above-referenced filing date to provide Nortel Networks' Intellectual Property Law Group sufficient opportunity to review the application prior to filing. You should seek to obtain the signatures on the formal papers from all inventors directly.

Mr. Scott Balderton September 14, 2000 Page 2

> Please confirm receipt of this disclosure via facsimile to the above-identified number. Please include your assigned reference number.

Upon filing the application with the USPTO, immediately fax a copy of the application transmittal letter to me, so that we have a record that the application has been filed. Thereafter, please send me a hardcopy of the application as filed along with an electronic copy in Microsoft Word 6.0 readable format on a 3 1/2" floppy disk.

Should you have any questions, please call me at (919) 997-3280.

Very truly yours,

Enclosures: Invention Docket No.: 13307RO

Review Summary Patent Checklist

CC:

Nicholas Sauriol

EXHIBIT D

#### Cuneo, Chris

From:

Balderston, Scott

Sent:

Wednesday, December 20, 2000 2:45 PM

To:

'Sauriol, Nicholas'

Cc: Subject:

'Vynalek, Jack'; Cuneo, Chris CONFIDENTIAL AND PRIVILEGED

Nic,

This email attaches a draft patent application on the Web transaction engine involving substitute credit card numbers. The draft was generated by Chris Cuneo of our office but his email server (suburban office) is down this afternoon, so he forwarded it to me to forward to you.

With a request Jack if you could possibly take a look to provide comments, this week before the holiday as well. With best holiday wishes to each of you, from all of us here in support of the company.

sdb



EXHIBIT E

8



### United States Patent and Trademark Office

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20231
WYW.USD!Q.GOV

 APPLICATION NUMBER
 FILING DATE
 GRP ART UNIT
 FIL FEE REC'D
 ATTY.DOCKET.NO
 DRAWINGS
 TOT CLAIMS
 IND CLAIMS

 09/749,408
 12/28/2000
 2131
 840
 56130.000067
 3
 8
 2

James G. Gatto, Esq. Hunton & Williams Suite 1200 1900 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006



Date Mailed: 05/16/2001

Receipt is acknowledged of this nonprovisional Patent Application. It will be considered in its order and you will be notified as to the results of the examination. Be sure to provide the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION when inquiring about this application. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please write to the Office of Initial Patent Examination's Customer Service Center. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections (if appropriate).

Applicant(s)

Nicholas Sauriol, Nepean, CANADA; Alex Sauriol, Kanata, CANADA;

DOCKETED GOT

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

Foreign Applications

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted 02/06/2001

Projected Publication Date: 07/04/2002

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

**Title** 

Secure database for E-commerce

**Preliminary Class** 

713

Data entry by : SALEEKUL, SIRILUCK

Team : OIPE

Date: 05/16/2001

# LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER Title 35, United States Code, Section 184 Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

#### GRANTED

The applicant has been granted a license under 35 U.S.C. 184, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" followed by a date appears on this form. Such licenses are issued in all applications where the conditions for issuance of a license have been met, regardless of whether or not a license may be required as set forth in 37 CFR 5.15. The scope and limitations of this license are set forth in 37 CFR 5.15(a) unless an earlier license has been issued under 37 CFR 5.15(b). The license is subject to revocation upon written notification. The date indicated is the effective date of the license, unless an earlier license of similar scope has been granted under 37 CFR 5.13 or 5.14.

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#### NOT GRANTED

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15 (b).

## PLEASE NOTE the following information about the Filing Receipt:

- The articles such as "a," "an" and "the" are not included as the first words in the title of an application. They are considered to be unnecessary to the understanding of the title.
- The words "new," "improved," "improvements in" or "relating to" are not included as first words in the title of an application because a patent application, by nature, is a new idea or improvement.
- The title may be truncated if it consists of more than 500 characters (letters and spaces combined).
- The docket number allows a maximum of 25 characters.
- If your application was submitted under 37 CFR 1.10, your filing date should be the "date in" found on the Express Mail label. If there is a discrepancy, you should submit a request for a corrected Filing Receipt along with a copy of the Express Mail label showing the "date in."
- The title is recorded in sentence case.

Any corrections that may need to be done to your Filing Receipt should be directed to:

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